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GENEALOGY.

THE MALLORY FAMILY.

Arms : Mallory of Studley : *Or, a lion rampant, gules, tail forked, collared ar.* Impaling, Zouch : *gu. fifteen bezants, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, a canton erm.* crest : *a nag's head, coupé, gu.*

(also,) *or, a lion rampant, gules, collared ar.*
crest : *a nag's head, gu.*

Thos. Mallory, Dean of Chester : *Or, a lion rampant, gules, in dexter chief a crescent, of the second, for difference* (From "A Cheshire Ordinary of Arms, 1629," (*Cheshire Sheaf*, Vol. II.)

That the compiler is enabled to present a corrected and thoroughly authenticated account of this ancient family, beginning with the lords of the manors of Hutton-Conyers and Studley-Royal in Yorkshire, England, and coming down to the present generation in America, is due to the kindness of Lieutenant Colonel John S. Mallory, U. S. A., in allowing his large collection of family history to be used, and to the fortunate discovery, by Mr. Lothrop Withington, of the will of Rev. Philip Mallory.

Various English genealogical writers have thought it probable that the Mallorys of Hutton-Conyers and Studley descended from the family of the name seated from a very early date at Kirkby-Mallory and Walton-on-the Wolds, Leicestershire. In Nichols's *History of Leicestershire*, Vol. 4, part 2, p. 761, &c., is an account of the Kirkby-Mallory family beginning in the time of King Stephen, and ending in an heiress who died in 1482. The Mallorys of Walton-on-the-Wolds sprang from the Kirkby-Mallory family, and the estate was owned by a John Mallory *temp.* Edward III. The arms of the Leicestershire families were the same as of that in Yorkshire. Old glass in several churches in Leicestershire show them to have been : *or, a lion rampant, queue furchee gules.* Nichols cites from Le Neve's MSS a statement that the Yorkshire Mallorys branched from the Leicestershire family in the time of Edward II. There is no positive evidence that this is so, but from the similarity of arms, a strong probability.

When the account of the Yorkshire Mallorys is begun conjecture ceases and practically every link in the line of descent, through a period of five hundred years, is thoroughly authenticated.

The best account of the Yorkshire Mallorys is in *a Genealogical and Biographical Memoir of the Lords of Studley in Yorkshire*, by John Richard Walbran, Ripon, 1841, reprinted in Vol. LXVII, Surtees Society Publications, 1878. James Raine, the Secretary of the Surtees Society, and editor of the volume after Mr. Walbran's death, states

that he has not hesitated to make great changes in the text, when required by the results of later investigations. The work will be largely quoted here.

The pedigree is also contained in the *Visitation of Yorkshire, 1563-4*, Harleian Society, 1581.

Walbran begins his account by tracing the descent of the manor of Studley until it came to the Mallorys.

RICHARD LE ALEMAN was lord of Studley in 1180 and the manor passed through several generations of his family until, by an heiress, it went to the family of Le Gras, and from them, in the same manner, to Isabel, wife of Sir Richard Tempest, Kt., second son of Richard Tempest, of Bracewell. She died in 1421, and the property descended to her son, SIR WILLIAM TEMPEST of Studley, Knight, who was upwards of thirty years of age at the time of his mother's death. He was knighted before 1409, and married Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of Sir William Washington, of Washington, in the county of Durham, by Margaret, his wife, daughter and heiress of John Morvill. They (William and Eleanor), were cousins, being related to each other in the 3rd and 4th degrees, but their marriage was legalized by dispensation from the Archbishop of York, Oct. 20, 1409, long after they had been married and children born to them (*Test. Ebor.* III, 319). She died Jan. 2, 1451, and was found seised of half of the manor of Washington (*Inq. p. m.* 24th Jan. XIV, Neville, 1451.)

WILLIAM TEMPEST, of Studley, esq, their eldest son and heir, lived but a short time after inheriting the estate. He died Jan. 4, 1444 (*Inq. p. m.* 1446, in 36 Cal. 4, p. 169). The name of his wife is not recorded. He left one son, John, then two years old, who died soon afterwards, and two daughters, who became his co-heirs.

I. Isabel, married Richard Norton, of Norton Conyers, esq.

II. Dionisia, married William Mallory, of Hutton Conyers, esq., and was thirty-six years of age, Oct. 24th, 1451.

WILLIAM MALLORY, Esq., who thus became lord of Studley, *jure uxoris*, was the representative of an ancient well-allied family. They became possessed of Hutton Conyers, Yorkshire, by the marriage of Sir Christopher Mallory (son of Sir Thomas and a daughter of Lord Zouch) with Joan, daughter and heiress of Robert Conyers, of that place, whose ancestor, Robert Conyers—the representative of the elder branch of Conyers, of Sackburn—possessed it in 1246, as appears by his grant of land there to the church of St. Peter, at York, in that year.

Sir Christopher³ Mallory had issue Sir William⁴, of Hutton, who by his wife Katherine, daughter and co-heiress of Ralph Nunwick, of Nunwick, had William⁵ Mallory, who by his marriage with Joan, daughter of Sir William Plumpton, of Plumpton, near Knaresborough, had William⁶ Mallory, before mentioned, who married Dionisia Tempest, of Studley.

After the family had acquired Studley, it does not appear that they

abandoned the manor house at Hutton, but frequented it occasionally until the end of the Sixteenth century, about which time the present building, now used as a farm house, seems to have been erected. A picturesque gable on the north side, and richly ornamented ceiling (the lion of the Mallory arms is displayed in the compartments) in a neglected apartment in the southeast wing remain of this date. Large portions of the rest of the building have been altered in subsequent repairs, and seem to confirm the tradition that the house was set upon in the Civil wars by a troop of Parliamentarians in the absence of the owner, Sir John Mallory, who from his zeal in the Royal cause must indeed have been particularly obnoxious to them. Several cannon balls and some weapons of war have been found in the fields around. There are also some remains of a rampart of earth, running at right angles on the north and west sides of the garden, which may have formed part of the agger of the moat to the original structure. The mansion is shaded by a goodly show of great sycamores, which give it a pleasing air of solemnity, and seem still to assert its claim to a rank above that of an ordinary farm house.

On Oct. 25, 1458, Archbishop Booth granted an oratory for three years to William Mallory, esq., Dionisia, his wife, and their children (*Reg. 204 a*) which privilege was renewed to them for the same period on Nov. 17, 1467 (*Reg. 57 a*.) This was the beginning of the Chapel of the Blessed Virgin at Studley.

The will of Mr. Mallory is preserved at York.

"In Dei nomine Amen. Ego Willelmus Malliore senior, Armiger. Sepel iendum in eccles. S. Petri Ripon Coram altare B. Mariae. Optimum animae nomine mortuam. Lego Johanna filiae meae de aditibus de Hoton juxta Ripon, et Over Dedinsall c. marcas. Ad maritagiū Margaretae filiae meae c. c. marcas. Volo Henricus Malliore, Cristoforus Malliore, Georgius Malliore et Ricardus Malliore, filii mei habeant, terras, pro termino vitae suae, ad valieram xl marcarum, in villis de Lyn-ton in Craven, Brompton, Coppidhawk, Grantley, Winkysley, Wodehouse, and Hytson Flygham in com. Westom, quae sunt de jure & hereditate Dionisiae uxoris mei dicti Willelmi. Do et lego monasterio S. Roberti & fratribus suis pro uno obitu pro anima mea VI s. VIII d. Resdium lego Dionisiae uxori meae, Cristoforo et Johanna sorori ejus quos facis executoris. Dat. I May mcccclxii. Prob. 25 Ap. 1475 (*Reg. Test. Ebor. IV, 125*).

William^s Mallory had by the heiress of Tempest: I. John^s (of whom later), II. William; III. Thomas; IV. Christopher. On Jan. 15, 1485-6, there is a license for Chr. Mallory and Isabel Malthouse, of Ripon, to be married in the Chapel of the Blessed Virgin there, without asking the bans. (*Test. Ebor III, 350*). In 1473 a Chr. Mallore, gent. became a member of the Corpus Christi Guild at York, V. Richard. In 1506-7 the will of Richard Mallory was proved by

George Mallory, esq., his brother and executor (*Ripon Chapter Act Book*. 329). In 1475 a Richard Mallory, gent, became a member of the Corpus Christi Guild at York. VI. Henry, VII. Margaret, named Sir John Constable, of Halsham, Knight, and died without issue. In 1498 admon. of the effects of Lady Margaret Constable was granted to George and Richard Mallory (*Reg. Test. Ebor.* III, 333) : VIII. Jane; IX. Isabel; X. Elizabeth; XI. Joan; XII. Eleanor.

SIR JOHN⁶ MALLORY, of Studley, and Hutton Conyers, Knight, the eldest son and heir, married Isabel, daughter of Lawrence Hamerton, of Hamerton, in Craven, (Yorkshire), and widow of — Radcliffe, of Lancashire; although placed by the herald, Glover, in his Visitation, as eldest son and his brother William as second, it appears doubtful whether the latter was not in reality the elder, for in 1475, William Mallory, son and heir of Sir William Mallory and Dionisia Tempest, held livery of half the manor of Washington (Surtees from *Rot. Booth*, anno 18**), and that he also died without issue, whereby the inheritance devolved on his nephew, Sir William, son of Sir John—for in 1497, Sir William Mallory had license to grant his moiety of the manor and the will, to his son William Mallory (*Idem* from *Rot. Fox* anno 3.)

Sir John Mallory's will is not preserved; but it is evident that he was the founder of the Chantry of St. Wilfred, in Ripon minister, at which were commemorated the souls of Sir John Mallory, and Elizabeth, his wife, Sir William Mallory, and Joan, his wife, and those of their children; Richard Ratcliffe and Agnes, his wife, Sir Richard Hamerton, and Elizabeth his wife, and John Holm, Chaplain (*Ripon Chapter Acts* 326-1.

In 1535 among the disbursements for St. Wilfred's Chantry there is a payment of 200 for the obit of Sir John Mallory, Knt., the founder (*Valor Eccl.* Henry VIII, V. 252.)

The Chantry of St. John, the Evangelist, in Ripon Minister, was founded about the year 1487, by Eliz widow of Sir John Mallory, (*Ripon Chapter Acts*, 282.)

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

THE BRENT FAMILY.

Compiled by W. B. CHILTON, Washington, D. C

(CONTINUED.)

THE BRENTS OF KENT.